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SECURITY INFORMATION

M. A.
#83321

31 January 1953

On 29 January 1953 C.I.C. central files were reviewed at Fort Holabird, Maryland, dossier #211035 in the name of Mikolaj Abramczyk, disclosing the following information:

An undated file card reflects that one Mikolaj Abramczyk, Paris, France, was president of the BNR (White Russian National Republic) and leader of the White Russian Government in Exile. The source of this information was listed as RD 180043, Region VI, 22 November 1948, concerning BNC - White Russian National Center.

A file card dated 30 December 1949 reflects that one Abramczyk was a well known White Ruthenian anti-communist. The source of this information was listed as RD 224810, agent report Region I dated 14 December 1949 concerning Gregor Dobrowolski.

An undated file card reflects that one Nikolai Abramczyk in early March 1945 was organizing the White Russian Government in Exile. The source of this information was listed as RD 260943, AR/V dated 2 May 1949 concerning White Russian activities in the U.S.S.R.

An undated file card reflects that one Mikola Abrantschik, born at Sytschawitschi, White Ruthenia, U.S.S.R., resided at Rue de Gravellieur, Paris, France, was a top leader of the Kriwitschi (and courier for the OGPU) he was a White Ruthenian who represented the White Ruthenians in Moscow. He caused the arrest and death of members of the "Sinsker Movement." He persuaded young White Ruthenians to attend Soviet schools in Minsk. The source of this information was listed as RD 190083, agent report Region IV dated 1 September 1948 concerning White Ruthenian activities.

An undated file card reflects that one Nicholas Abramczyk was president of the White Ruthenian Government in Exile in Paris. He arrived at Osterhofen DP Camp near Vilshofen on 15 June 1947 and left on 16 December 1947 for Munich. He made contacts with leaders of AEN in Osterhofen Camp and in Munich. He returned for the second time to Osterhofen Camp on 28 December 1947 for the meeting of the leaders of the BNC, 28 December 1947 to 29 December 1947. The gathering was called a meeting of the White Ruthenian District Committee because the BNC was an illegal organization. He left Osterhofen DP Camp on 1 January 1948 for Marburg and from there was to return to Paris.

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SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2B
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An undated file card reflects that Nikolai Abramtschik was a member of the Zentralkrat and probably in charge of all agents. All agents sent out to White Ruthenia after that country was reoccupied by the U.S.S.R. were directed by and were known to him. He was in charge of emigration and liaison with other countries. The source of this information was listed as D-180043 concerning the White Ruthenian National Center.

A memorandum dated 23 February 1948 from Headquarters 970th C.I.G. reflects that Nikolai Abramtschik, a White Russian Engineer of Paris, France, appeared in several White Russian IP Camps early in January to urge his compatriots to immigrate to France. It was believed that he acted to his own advantage as a representative of interests desiring to import cheap labor. One faction of White Russians known as Kry-wichi supported his ideas. Self-appointed representatives elected him President of the White Russian people in exile. The BWR (Bialoruskaya Mislabsarmiya Rada - White Russian Inter-camp Committee) opposed his efforts.

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